

Rough Riders and the fighting at San grizzly bear of the mountains, whom Juan. A few will talk of the days sioner in New York City, and then a thing of all. He would fight.

Theodore Roosevelt in the East and the Theodore Roosevelt of the West are say his tendency to reading and his such totally distinctive characters, one habit of wearing glasses, and the bal- his employer's safety and that he had might almost imagine totally distinct ance was found in his favor. He was no idea of spoiling a shot for the latcharacters, that a reference to the fa- voted "all right." mous Governor-Rough Rider colonel's career in the cattle country may be of interest.

ago there appeared on the border land ment in which he lived, and came to man, wearing eye glasses, who, in comman, wearing eye g of Western Dakota a studious young e respected and admired. The "roundranche in the lowlands, and deliberate- of the South as well as those of the ly set out to be a ranchman. The cat- North, and his fame, helped along by the half carcass of a steer over the while absolutely at home in the saddle, in the exact terms which he invented enly business in that section, and its cattle country. His horsemanship, in fastened to the saddle posts. This shambling, uncertain gait which marks paign. His success, therefore, whatever uine statesman understands it, too. profits and perils had attracted many particular, won him commendations. wealthy young men from the East and And the ability to ride, in a rough from England. His arrival in no way country, on rough horses, for long disexcited the locality, which had already tances, may be considered a fair test grown accustomed to the advent of of human character. At all events he "tenderfeet" with money, and which succeeded in endearing himself to the was very strongly disposed to para- cowboy element and in learning its phrase the Scriptural warning that a value. It was the knowledge there fool and his money are soon parted by gained that enabled him to seek the substituting the tenderfoot for the fool. rough riders of the West, when, with

half of Theodore Roosevelt that he ized the famous regiment that saw serand worked industriously. Whether he knowledge of him and of Wood, a simworked successfully or not is not is not tlar character, by the way, that inducknown. In that locality a successful ed them to flock to his standard. tenderfoot would have been a wonder; At that time Roosevelt had already and probably Roosevelt was that kind been in politics in the East and, as of a wonder. Certain it is that he was nearly as the writer remembers, had presence. several other kinds.

must dim his sight, etc. The Indians, excess of vitality. on the other hand, regarded the glasses as "medicine," a word best explained

Now the wearing of eye glasses and college. the reading of books were eccentricities | As the Western story goes, the scene fairly referrable o he fact that he was was in Montana during the big rounda tenderfoot. But, strangely, the man up. "Long Ike," as the local bully was could ride. To ride, in cowboy parlance, "shooting irons," his insulting language means much. And when your cowbey and his reputation. His appearance says a man can ride he does not by any bore out his reputation. He was tall. means refer to the ability to balance one's self on a gentle cob during a can- taken shelter in the only saloon in the ter in the park: It means-well it place, which was likewise the only means to ride as the cowboy rides, any.

place that afforded shelter. Ike swagwhere, everywhere, on any sort of a
youngster was warming himself by the horse, with any sort of gait, at any stove and demanded that he take a

And then, with many Western exfetives, they were forced to own that

To the majority of Americans the could he shoot, but he would hunt for mention of the name of Theodore days and nights for a chance to shoot, Roosevelt will conjure up memories of preferring, if he could find it, the great every one else sought to avoid.

All this was astonishing enough. But when Roosevelt was a Police Commis- there remained the most remarkable

Balancing his Western virtues, that is to say his ability to ride, shoot and to fight, against his vices, that is to

than twenty years his way with the rough Western ele-It must be recorded, however, on be- Colonel, now General, Wood, he organwent at the cattle business earnestly vice in Cuba. And it was the cowboys'

served a term in the Legislature at Albany. Since then his name has been in For instance, he wore glasses. This every one's mouth, either as Police accentricity was almost as much a Commissioner, defying Tammany; as ing and statesmanship, which, coming Assistant Secretary of the Navy, as a from Roosevelt's own pen seven years source of astonishment to the cowboys Rough Rider Colonel or otherwise. Yet or more ago, now seems almost proas to the Indians—the former declaring Roosevelt was the child of luxury and phetic. In one of his published works, that they could not understand how a of wealth, who took to the tense hardman could see through glasses; that it ships of plain and mountain from in-

by its equivalent in African—"fetich." ing political battles; from thence to sports, or at least the wilder kinds Now, the cowboy, the genuine, na- fighting departmental red tape, in his which entail the exercise of daring and tive-born cowboy of the West, never office of Assistant Secretary of the the endurance of toil and hardships, reads and rarely considered anything Navy; from thence to the actual war in and which lead men afar into the for-of sufficient importance to be read. His of sufficient importance to be read. His natural. His robust pugnacity was horse, saddle, "chaps," blankets and everywhere pre-eminent. It is told of latter, rugged outdoor games, like foot pistols constituted his household ef- Roosevelt, for intsance, that shortly af- ball and lacrosse, are much superior fects, easily transportable and of small ter his arrival in the West he threw and to mere gymnastics and calisthenics. compass. Roosevelt had books. As the bully of great local renown, who was cowpunchers put it in wonder and known as the terror of the neighbor- political leadership, like their fellows amazement, he had books by the yard, hood. His motto that the highest type of success in man was the result of strife, had already been exemplified in

known, was present, as usual, with his broad-shouldered and extravagantly muscular. Roosevelt, with others, had

invitation to drink was equal to a com- riding to the hounds in the Genese ves, they were forced to own that mand. There was but one alternative— valley, where Mr. Wadsworth's famous pack had their habitat. Writing of the founds in the Genese valley, where Mr. Wadsworth's famous pack had their habitat. Writing of bear, running, standing, com- to drink; and Ike, who could scarce one hunt, with its jumps over stiff timthing! This was not to have bring himself to believe that the young ber, its falls and scrambles, he notes publicans and anti-Imperialists have ing for McKinley and Roosevelt The ready carried all of the States that

Ike promptly returned, white with litical death. rage, and was treated to a repetition of the unexpected tenderfoot tactics. This time, however, the force with which he was thrown stunned him and it was several minutes before he recovered consciousness. When he did, he arose walked out of the camp and never returned-much to the satisfaction of all

grizzly is known among hunters.

you shoot it, I'll shoot you.' ' ployer and found the latter's rifle leveled at the bear. Incidentally the cowboy's head was in line between the muzzle of Roosevelt's rifle and the head of bruin showing above the rock. There was, incidentally, a queer and novel gleam in Roosevelt's eye-all of which facts impressed themselves upon the rapid cowboy intelligence at a glance. He lowered his rifle and Roosevelt shot the bear.

It turned out, upon examination, that it was the record Dakota bear, weighing 1,200 pounds, and thenceforward the young millionaire ranchman with the eyeglasses was the bear-killing hero of the locality.

When the bear had been duly and accurately skinned and his hide was ter. Then Roosevelt repented of his By persistent work, constant hunting and honest dealing, Roosevelt made his way with the rough Western else. By persistent work, constant hunting and honest dealing, Roosevelt made his way with the rough Western else. By persistent work, constant hunting and honest dealing, Roosevelt made his employe with a silver-those of the East as well, to join them even the eloquence of Mr. Bryan will yet mounted Winchester rifle and a pair of indestructible cordurory trousers—the latter the finest that Dakota had ever of Congress was necessary, and he that is in the minds of Democratic lead-

> the average Philadelphia fireman start. Cuba. He aided in extinguishing a prairie carcass over the line of flame, is some- honor. times effective. It is dangerous and

In this connection there occurs a "The Wilderness Hunter," he says:

\* \* \* \* "It is worth noting now many of the leaders among our statesmen and soldiers have sought strength and pleasure in the chase or in kindred From fighting grizzly bears to fight- vigorous pastimes. Of course, field letic exercise; exactly as among the

"With a few exceptions the men among us who have stood foremost in who have led our armies, have been of stalwart frame and sound bodily health. When they sprang from the frontier folk, as did Lincoln and Andrew Jackson, they usually hunted much in their youth, if only as an incident in the prolonged warfare waged by themselves and their kinsmen against the wild forces of nature. Old Israel Putnam's wolf killing feat comes strictly under this head.'

It is a singular coincidence that the chairman of the convention that nominated this same young man for the Vice Presidency was once upon a time a hunting companion of the youthful nominee. Roosevelt, by the way, is a youth as a Vice Presidential candidate In these days and in that locality an earlier hunting days he was fond of

grasp of the young athlete, and in another, despite his struggles, had measured his length on the floor. the lucky ones. It may be fairly surmised that as the two men sat on the platform together last week both may Then Roosevelt dragged the bully to in odd moments have reverted back to his feet and "ran" him out of the door, that long-ago scene, and even thought removing Ike's revolver from its hostler of themselves as two of the lucky ones who seem destined to be in at every po- on "The Paramount Issues of the his speeches in the West he calls for

was avowedly not in sympathy, Roose-velt remained in private life but a as it was in 1896. Following is an ex-products and who have been earning: short time, when he was appointed tract: Assistant Secretary of the Navy. This berth, heretofore a sort of dignined As a Western ranchman and hunter clerical position, underwent a sudden Roosevelt's work was more than the shaking up in his hands. Ancient and mind is at all adapted to the consideramere securing of meat or trophies that venerable attaches of pompous mien tion of such a subject, that the last four adorn hallways. He was in essence a promptly found themselves at work. years have played sad havoc with the naturalist, wont to classify the beasts The new Assistant Secretary had an prophetic literature of Mr. Bryan's last of the prairie and the canyons in scientific fashion. He identified all the groups of bear in plain and hill, and showed that species long regarded as distinct were in reality the same, vary-distinct were in reality the same, vary-distinct were in reality the same, vary-distinct were in appearance and condition with the proposition of the predicted and prophetic literature of Mr. Bryan's last campaign. If the patriarch Noah had advocated a drought instead of a deluge and had advocated a system of irrigation instead of building an ark, his friends and relatives would have had in appearance and condition with the patriarch Noah had advocated a system of irrigation instead of building an ark, his friends and relatives would have had in appearance and condition with ing in appearance and condition with chief clerks, whose thoughts had al- less reason to complain of him than Mr. panies, and 4,254,516 in savings banks. the season. He destroyed the reputation ways been of receptions, dinners, pro- Bryan's disciples now have to complain Here is an increase of 2,103,547 in the of the grizzly bear as a man fighter, motions, pensions or increased sala- of their leader. He said that if the gold killing him without stint at long range and short, and making his position general work, discoveries which, needless still further decline. But the prices of value of deposits in 1894 was \$2,874, erally "untenable." It nevertheless remains true that mountaineers and
lainsmen alike are not overfood of inlainsmen alike are not overfood of inplainsmen alike are not overfond of in- when naval officers asked for permis- and the employment of people, even terviews with "Old Ephraim," as the sion to use ammunition in target practite by the precarious, would still further fail. Some sixteen years ago, while Roose- every ounce they had and then call for may believe Mr. Carroll D. Wright, they velt was riding with one of his cowboys more. Various tottering dodos, the have reached the highest mark yet in the Dakota wilderness, the latter called his employer's attention to a cupointments, looked up drowsily, rubrious formation of rock, just ahead of them. While they were looking at the the "young man" who was distrubing said that the burden of debt would be increase in deposits in North Dakota rock, a low growl was heard and a huge their slumbers. But Roosevelt went multiplied by the increase of interest increase in deposits in the slumbers. But Roosevelt went multiplied by the increase of interest is over 100 per cent, or from \$2,275,785 is over 100 per cent, or from \$2,275,785 in 1894 to \$5,050,000 in 1899. In South cowboy instinctively leveled his rifle at morning before most of the clerks ar- money was never so plentiful, and in- in 1894 to \$5,050,000 in 1899. In South the head and was about to fire when he rived, he remained late, adding to his terest rates, tending still lower, were Dekota there has been an increase heard his employer ordering him to de- official dutilies a punctilous attendance never so low before. at those functions which make Wash- It is not claimed that things are going

> for \$600,000 more. known and unnecessary.

young man emphatically. of Manila and Santiago.

ize the Rough Riders.

caused it to be promptly passed. It au- ers, and the real motive that would con- time has come, as it comes at intervals thorized the formation of two such reg- trol Mr. Bryan's administration, if he to every vigorous nation-when the

fire by the unique process of dragging other hand, had been cowboys, and the platform of 1896 should be relterated stinct understands the need for these burning ground at the end of ropes walked with difficulty and with that for use in the last Presidential cammethod the adaptation of the resource- the lifetime horseman when set afoot. else it may mean, forshadows the exact ful cowboy, is perhaps unknown in the They were, however, absolutely fear- legislation and administrative policy re-East, where prairies are merely names, less and absolutely undisciplined, bar- quired to overthrow the old gold standand where steers cost money. In a ring the confidence they felt in Wood and and plunge the country into new rough country, over chasm, ridge, de- and Roosevelt. When the army was agitations, fatal as once to industry coverted into a statesman by an apfile, canyon and coulee, from one fringe disembarked in Cuba they marched and commerce. It is in vain for men of flame to another, the business of with the others from Daiquiri to Sibo- who have a stake in the national prosfighting fire assumes novel and trying ney. The next day they started early perity, whether they work for their livaspects, and rarely is successful. But in the direction of Sevilla, but fell into ing by the day or enjoy the prosperity when the wind on the prairie dies the Spanish line of fire at a place whether they work for their living by down the simple contrivance of split- named Guasimas. All accounts agree the day or enjoy the dividends of investting the carcass of a steer, tying it by that Roosevelt in the face of this fierce ed capitalfi to silence their apprehen- SOON FIND OUT THAT AMERICANS one foreleg to the saddle post of one fusilade never lost his presence of sions to believing that the financial law rider and by the other to that of a mind but cheered, urged and encour- of 1900, enacted by the Republican party second, one man riding on one side of aged his men. It was the first taste against the protest of the Democrats in the flames and another on the opposite of death in the Cuban campaign, and both Houses of Congress, has made it side, thus forcing the heavy and bloody Roosevelt's command had the post of safe to vote the Democratic ticket again.

difficult work, for horses, like all other command, "Forward!" It rang out tion, that notwithstanding the new pro-brutes, have an extravagant fear of again at San Juan. There the Rough visions of law, a single act of executive flames and rear and dance in their Rider, glaring through the fierce heat folly may, even now, throw away all and drizzling damp over the slope to- the fruits of the victory of 1896. ward the Spanish trenches, rushed forward at the head of an assemblage in reference to the relation between hunt- which representatives of commands other than his own abounded. Professional opinions may differ as to the wisdom of this "rush," and there are many who believe it to have been premature. But it succeeded, and nothing the Bryan campaign. Captured corelse succeeds like success.-Frederick Staunton Gore, in the Philadelphia

THE SAME OLD SIGN



DOLLIVER ON THE ISSUES

Senator J. P. Dolliver, of Iowa, has a vigorous article in the October Forum perity to laborers or to farmers. In Campaign." He shows what are real- a bill of particulars. Most of the men ly the issues of the campaign, denies who listen to him can answer his ques-After a stormy career in the office of that the money question is dead, and tions point blank. Those who were Police Commissioner of New York maintains that the election of Mr. City, in which he sought to strictly Bryan for the ensuing Presidential in 1894 and 1895 saved nothing. Those enforce an excise law with which he

It will be admitted by every one whose tice, they were met with orders to use But wages have increased until. if we was \$520 in 1894 and \$602 in -899.

"That's my bear," said Roosevelt. "II ington the dread of the busy man. Havou shoot it, I'll shoot you." ing quickly exhausted the appropriable wished; but it is not too much to say tion of \$800,000 for target practice, he that things are going so much better called upon the appriation committee than Mr. Bryan predicted that the genhas been an increase from \$17,147,160 eral confidence in him as an apostle of Members of the committee were the national deliverance has quite gen-aghast. "What for?" demanded those erally disappeared. Nobody doubts that 457,941. When Mr. Bryan tells the from the Mississippi Valley and else- his opinions on the subject of the free where inland where navies were un- coinage of silver were sincere, and that very fact determines the issue of this "For target practice," remarked the compaign. There may be a wide difference of opinion as to the causes of Cleveland, the men, women and child-He got the \$600,000, and it all went the present prosperity of the people; but ren with their savings in bank will rise for target practice. What the result there is one thing which cannot be diswas can be read in the naval battles puted, and that is, that the standard of value upon which the whole tabric of American business rests cannot be But just as his success in the office disturbed, or even puts in serious jeopof Assistant Secretary of the Navy ardy, without producing results fatal to was acknowledged there came the dis- the employment, investments, and entertant rumbling of the war with Spain, prises of the whole community. The stretched in the sun, the cowboy recov- and Roosevelt's thoughts turned afield. Democratic party has not put aside the ered his senses and explained that his With prompt bluntness he resigned his silver question, because it has recanted nal and the Chicago American, is one object in aiming was out of regard for Secretaryship and proceeded to organ- its faith in the platform of 1896. It has of the greatest of American expansion-In company with Leonard Wood, for-simply because the old subject has be-of advice in San Francisco Examiner merly an army surgeon, they invited come tiresome, and because the audiharshness and to make amends later the wild characters of the West, and ence is so scattered that it is beyond April 27, 1899: presented his employe with a silver- those of the East as well, to join them even the eloquence of Mr. Bryan to

> Many of the Rough Riders, on the phoned from his home at Lincoln that demands that room. The popular in-The Secretary of the Treasury has given There rang out at Guasimas the one to the business world a timely admoni-

> > BRYANITE FILIPINOS.

Recent developments in the Philippines will go far toward discrediting Department, shows conclusively that confidence. those Filipinos who are being paraded by the anti-Imperial Bryanites as patriots of the George Washington stripe denied his liberty and participation in are a band of cutthroats and murder- the government, but as he lives in the ers. It has been shown that they United States he does not excite the would enter the city of Manila and sympathy of Bryan or get a word in his burn down the town and destroy not speeches. only American but foreign property, soldiers fighting for their liberty. Loot, nations, so much the better for the demand; anarchy, not government; ther proof that there should be no blood and butchery, instead of peace "scuttling" policy in the Philipipnes. and prosperity.

tucky are not only supporting Mr. Kinley is re-elected, times will be good Yerkes for Governor but thousands of for four years more and he can add them, remembering Mr. Bryan's un- still further to his pile. qualified indorsement of Goebelism,

A BILL OF PARTICULARS.

Mr. Bryan sneers at the declaratiom that Republican policy brought prosearning nothing and selling nothing who have been selling their surplus good wages under Republican policy can point Mr. Bryan to their savings.

In 1894 there were 1,424,966 depositors in our national banks, 502,756 in State and private banks, 205,368 in loan and trust companies, and 3,413,-

As if in direct answer to Mr. Bryfrom \$2,958,463 to \$7,042,915, or an increase of \$4,084,452. In Nebraska there has been an increase from \$22,people of any of these States that their condition is as bad under Republican rule as under the administration of up against him.

HEARST WARNS BRYAN.

Mr. W. R. Hearst, of the San Francisco Examiner, the New York Jourbegun talking about something else, ists. He gave Mr. Bryan a few words

"We trust that Mr. Bryan will yet his political life on a demand, tele- when the health of the body politic periodical expansions, and every gen-

"The popular instinct of a nation cannot be changed in sixteen months, peal to the truths of history.

"MR. BRYAN MAY THINK HE IS CLOSE TO THE PEOPLE AND THAT HIS SILLY TALK ABOUT 'IMPERIAL-ISM' MOVES THEM, BUT HE WILL ARE AS MUCH IN FAVOR OF EX-PANSION TODAY AS THEY WERE WHEN THEY APPLAUDED THE AC-QUISITION OF THE LOUISIANA TER-RITORY BY THAT NOTED IMPERIAL-IST, THOMAS JEFFERSON."

Never before in the history of Presidential campaigns have the supporters of a candidate been asked to believe that the platform means the reverse of what it says. The Democrats argue that Bryan will not do anything to advance the cause of silver as he has promised to do. They respondence found on the persons of are also being convinced that he would men high in the confidence of the Ta- not retire the army from the Philipgals and their leaders, which is made pines as he has promised. Such an public from time to time by the War anomalous condition should not beget

The black man in North Carolina is

and do this for the purpose of making The development in the Philippines it appear that the United States Gov- of two islands which will produce ernment cannot protect the lives and enough rubber to supply not only this property of all people there. Several country but the world, will be a great attacks have been planned which take thing for the United States. We now the form and nature of a massacre, send abroad about \$30,000,000 annually and which resemble more the plans of for rubber. If all of this can be proa band of savages, rather than of men duced in our own dominions, besides supposed to be a band of organized sending an equal amount to foreign not liberty is what the Aguinaldists United States, and this is also a fur-

It may at least console Mr. Bryan The anti-Goebel Democrats of Ken- to know that, in case President Mc-

ed of a young man with a moment and then broke into a storm of insult, interladed with frontier experimental experiments. Not only pletives. In an instant he was in the bot Lodge and himself being two of lam Jennings Bryan President.